

KOWOTEST Equipment and Accessories for NDT



XIII. Roncsolásmentes Anyagvizsgáló Konferencia és Kiállítás

Eger, 21 – 23 March 2023



DIGITAL RADIOGRAPHY

in the light of the

ISO 9712

EN ISO 9712:2021

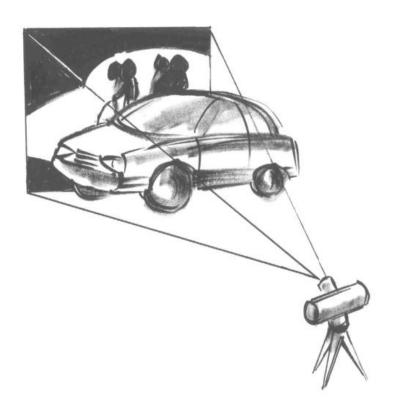
Non-destructive testing

Qualification and certification of NDT personnel



Development of X-ray technology examplary of the most important components

Detector



Radiation Source





Radiographic testing

Image Detectors

- Analog detectors:
 - Radiographic film
 - Image intensifier (CCIR video standard)
- Digital detectors / techniques:
 - Digitized radiographic film
 - Computed radiography (phosphor plates)
 - Image intensifier (with image processing, HDTV)
 - Flat panel detectors (DDA)

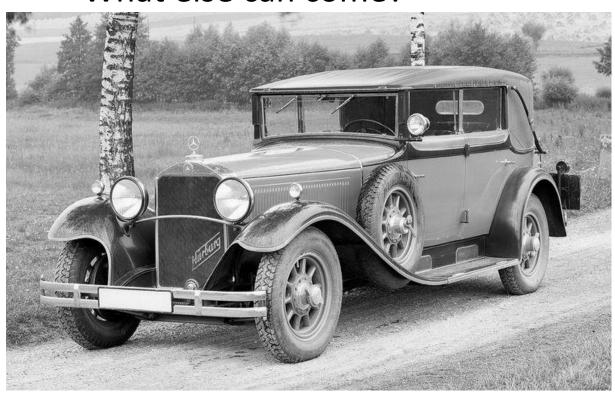


1920 Carl Benz:

Statement of

"The car is completely developed.

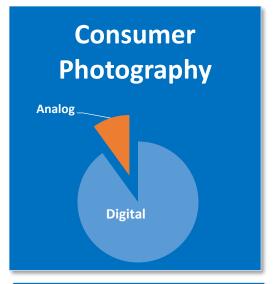
What else can come? "

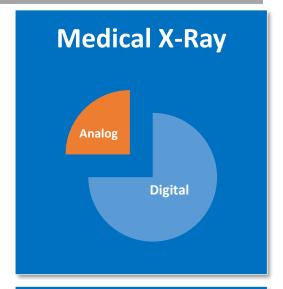


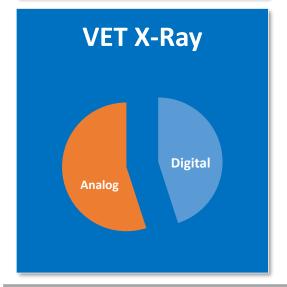


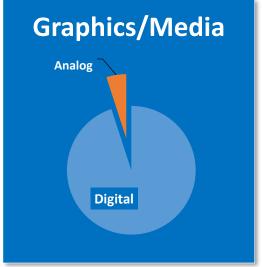


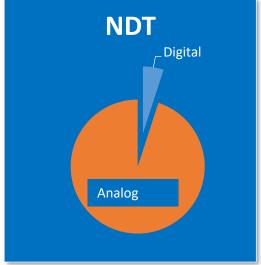
Why is
NDT
so far behind
other
markets?













Why is NDT so far behind other markets?

<u>Digital</u>: <u>Disadvantages</u>



High start-up cost

Not all applications can be covered

and Standard not finalized, but...





Gottlieb Daimler:

"The worldwide demand for vehicles will not exceed one million -

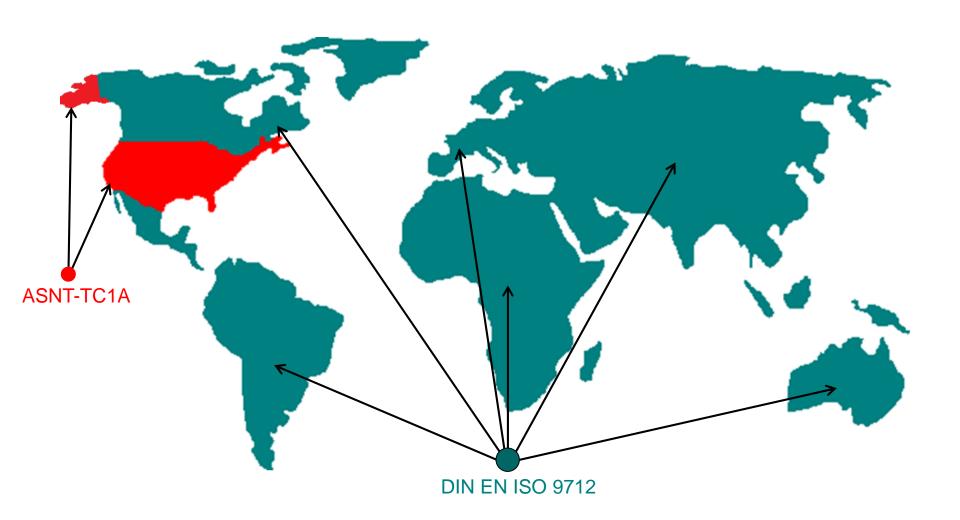
for lack of chauffeurs "



What is there in the world of the qualification of NDT personnel?



Scope of the ISO 9712





Qualification and certification of NDT personnel

Revised EN 473

matches with

ISO 9712

Small differences for training and practice periods, but significant other requirements for re-certifying



ISO 9712: Methods

NDT Methods	Acronyms			
Acoustic Emission Testing	AT			
Electromagnetic Testing	ET			
Infrared Thermography Testing	π			
Leak Testing	LT			
Magnetic Particle Testing	MT			
Penetrant Testing	PT			
Radiography Testing	RT			
Strain Gauges Measurement	ST			
Ultrasonic Testing	UT			
Visual and Optical Testing	VT			



Radiography Testing

The world of radiography testing has changed!

Standards are available for new applications!

Requirements of NDT service companies have changed!

- More detailed training
- → Certification
- → Consideration of existing qualifications

Dealing with digital detectors requires a new training structure for the range of radiography testing

Rearrangement	Old Course Title	Term from 2015
EN ISO 17636-1	RT	RT-F F = Film
EN ISO 17636-2		RT-D D = Digital (digital film replacement)
EN 13068-3	DR	RT-S S = Scopy

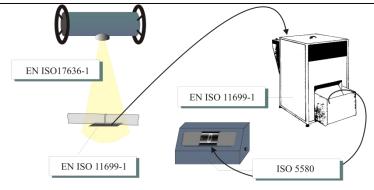




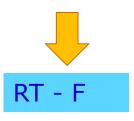


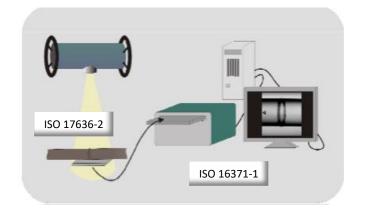
Radiography Interpretation of weld inspection

RT - FDI



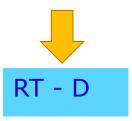
Radiography RT





Digital Film Replacement

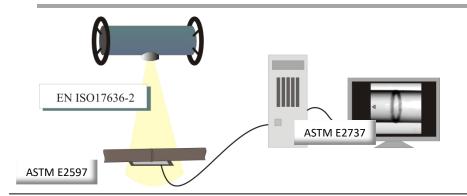
by storage image plates











Digital Film Replacement

by matrix detectors DDAs



RT - D



Radioscopy DR

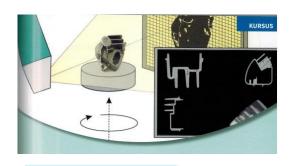


RT - S

History

RS1/2 1994-2003

DR1/2 2004-2015



NEW

Computertomography



RT - CT

ISO 15708





What are the main changes?

A brief overview:

- The training times for level 1 in surface testing (MT, PT, VT)
 will be extended from two to three days.
 - At the same time, the training time for level 2 is reduced to two days. For the combined courses level 1/2, however, the total remains at 5 days.
- In some procedures, the number of examination questions in the special part of the examination is increased.
 In the practical examination, fewer items will be required in future. The preparation of the examination instructions in level 2 will become a separate part of the examination.



What are the main changes?

- Employers must describe the subject of NDT personnel in a quality document, keep records and update them annually.
- The required amount of experience time has been reduced.
- A test of colour vision is required every 5 years.
- The renewal will in many cases involve a practical test, as the use of the new credit system will be burdensome and disproportionately expensive.
- Other minor technical and editorial changes.

www.dgzfp.de/RT Record of vision tests and more details about the different Training

_	DEUTSCHE	2.1 Allgemeine	Anforderunge	an Laeneral requiremen	te	FBL 2.1.1.1	
DOMP	GESELLSCHAFT FÜR			Rev. 02.0			
ZERSTÖRUNG E.V. Sehfähigkeitsbescheinigung			2014-11-12				
PERSONALZERTIFIZ	IERUNGSSTELLE (DPZ)	Record of vision tests			Seite Page 1 von of 1		
Siehe refer to	DIN EN ISO 9712-20	12-12: 7.4 II DIN FN 1	3018-2001-07, 7c l	DIN EN ISO 8596:2009-10		Seite ruge 1 von o) 1	
	ame Name, Su		3010.2001 07, 70	Geburtstag Date of bil	rth:		
,				Geodicista projection of the			
1. Sehfähig	keit (Nah) (Nal	hvisus in 30 – 40	cm Abstand	Prüfung jährlich)			
1. Sehfähigkeit (Nah) (Nahvisus in 30 – 40 cm Abstand, Prüfung jährlich) 1. Near vision (near-vision acuity at a distance of 30 – 40 cm, annual test)							
Prüfung mit Jaeger Nr. 1 Buchstaben Prüfung mit Landolt-Ringen mit:							
Examina	Examination with Jaeger-No-1-Letters Examination with Landolt rings with:						
☐ Ja, Visus	s 1,0 erfüllt			☐ Nein, abweichend	er Wert:		
	ial acuity grade			☐ No, visual acuity g	rade less	than 1.0	
	ens auf einem A			Sehhilfe notwendig:		□ ja, □ nein	
→ visual a	cuity target met	on 1 eye		Corrective lenses require	ed:	□ yes, □ no	
2. Farbsehv	ermögen und	Graustufenerk	ennung Colo	our perception and col	our diffe	erentiation	
				, ,			
2.1 Farbseh	vermögen C	olour perceptio	n				
_		_	-	füllen und ggf. Anforderu	_		
			sentative/poss	ible requirements of the			
	nögen erstmalig			Weitere Prüfung notwe	ndig:	□ ja, □ nein	
	a colour vision to nach Ishihara	est:		Further test required: oder nach:		yes, no	
Ishihara				other test:			
	rmögen ist ausreich	nend: ja,	nein nein	Bemerkung:			
Colour vision is		yes,		Remarks:			
2.2 Graustu	ıfenerkennung	Shades of gr	ey detection	/ colour differentiation	1		
Vom Arbeitg	eber oder Beauf	ftragten des Arbe	itgebers auszu	füllen:			
To be comple	eted by the emp	loyer or his repre:	sentative				
		tT/Filmauswertur	ng)	Prüfung notwendig:	Г	nein	
— to be ex	ramined (RT)			Examination required:		no	
		er Graustufenerk est method and n		i Ergeonis:			
Osea colour (anjjerentiation ti	est method and n	esait.				
3 C-LEVI-	lle (5) (Al-	-td- 40\	Formulator (f	V-t 4.0 1			
3. Sentanig	keit (Fern) (AD	stand > 4,0 m)	Far vision (L	Distance > 4,0 m)			
_		ftragten des Arbe	_	füllen:			
To be completed by the employer or his representative							
	eprüft werden (V Kamined	/T, EN 13018)		Prüfung notwendig:		nein	
				Examination required:		no	
	mit Landolt-Rin			mit:			
	Examination with Landolt rings with: Ja, Wert ≥ 0,63 erfüllt Nein, abweichender Wert:						
Visual acuity grade 0.63 or more			No, visual acuity grade less than 0.63				
visual acuity target met on 1 eye Corrective lenses required: yes, no				11 *** 11 *			
Datum der U	ntersuchung:	Stempel:		Name:	ı	Unterschrift:	
Date of exan	nination:	Stamp:		Name:	5	Signature:	





Summarized: 5 Steps to Certification:



1. Training according to the requirements of DIN EN ISO 9712 and certification program



2. Qualification Test (examination) must be passed in each part with at least 70%



Industrial NDT experience must be sufficient according to DIN EN ISO 9712



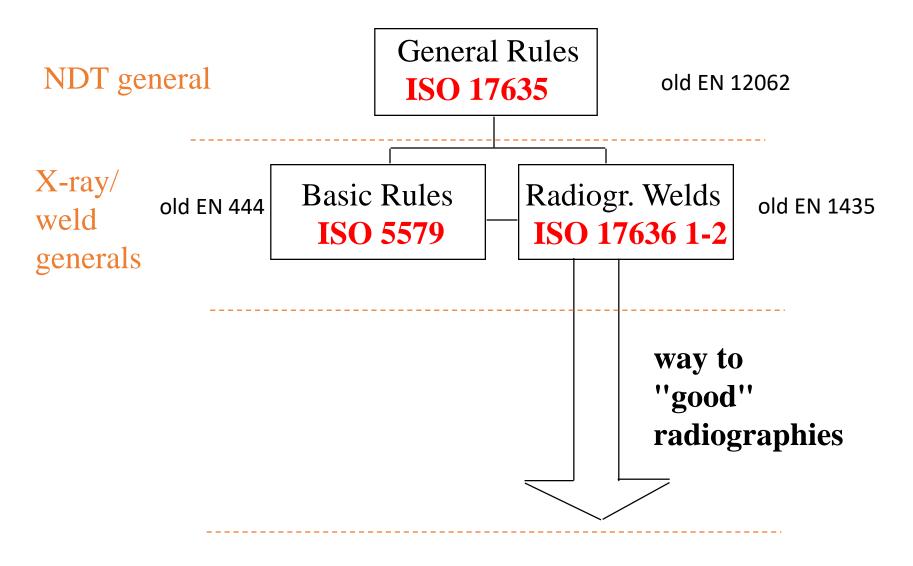
Vision Test must be proven annually



5. Application for certification(within 2 years if all requirements are fulfilled)



Weld Inspection





Revision of the ISO 17636

RT-Practice for Welding

• 17636-1:2022 Film

• 17636-2:2022 CR and DDAs

Weld Inspection

characterization of industrial film systems & illuminator

Radiogr. Film **ISO11699, 1-2**

old EN 584, 1-2

Illuminators ISO 5580

old EN 25580

image quality indicators

IQI's ISO 19232, 1-5

old EN 462, 1-5

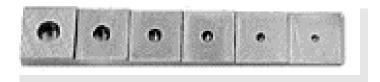
way to
"good"
radiographies



ISO 19232, 1-5



Part 1: Wire IQI



Part 2: Step-Hole IQI

Part 3: Image Quality Classes

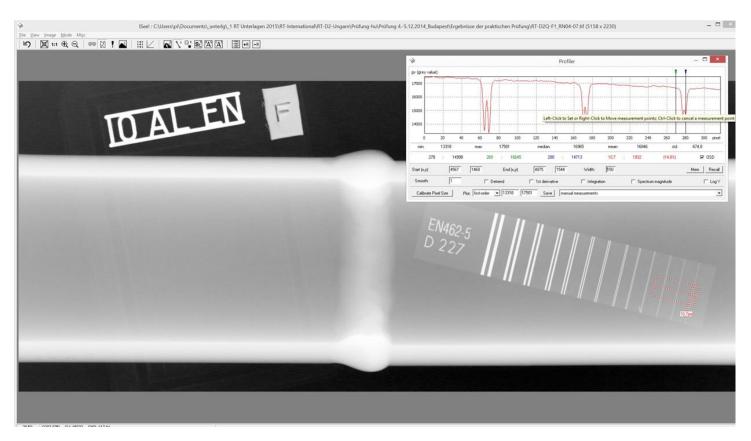
Part 4: Experimental Evaluation of Image Quality classes







Products – X-Ray Accessories – Digital Technique



Evaluation of Duplex wire type IQI

Digital Radiography – Radioscopy



ISO 14096

Classification of Film Digitizers in class DA, DB, DS

ISO 16371, 1-2

-Part 1: Classification of systems











X-rays and gamma rays ISO 17636-2

imaging plates

Non-destructive testing of welds - Radiographic testing

- **Industrial computed radiography** with storage phosphor

-Part 2: X- and gamma-ray techniques with digital detectors

-Part 2: General principles for testing of metallic materials using

ASTM E 2445-05

Standard Practice for Classification of **Computed Radiolgrahy** Systems



5/26/2023

ISO 17636-2, see above

ASTM E2737

Standard Practice for

Digital Detector Array Performance

Evaluation and Long-Term Stability

XIII. Hungarian NDT Conference Eger



How to get Digital Images?

Film Scanner FS

EN 14096 - Classification of Film Digitizers :

- Class DA: basic performance, reduced resolution
- Class DB: enhanced performance with some reduction of Image Quality
- Class DS: enhanced performance with insignificant reduction of Image Quality



How to get Digital Images?

Phosphor Scanner Systems CR

European Standard: EN 14784 now ISO 16371

Industrial computed radiography with phosphor imaging plates

Part 1 Classification of systems

Part 2 General Principles



Radioscopic Inspection

Common Standard:

Radioscopic testing: EN 13068

Part I: Quantitative measurement of imaging

properties

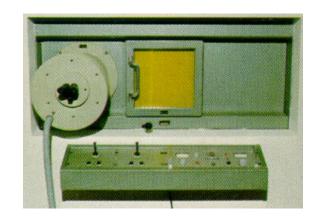
Part II: Qualitative control and long term

stability of imaging devices

Part III: General principles of radioscopic

testing of construction materials by

X- and Gamma rays







Today additionally important

X-Ray Flat Panel detectors DDAs (Digital Detector Arrays)

ASTM E 2597

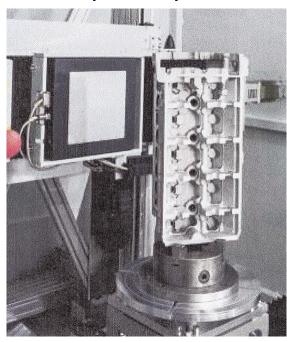
Standard Practice for Manufacturing Characterisation

ASTM E 2737

Performance Evaluation Long-Term-Stability

Application specific standards

Radioscopic Inspection





Cast Inspection

EN 12681-1:2017

Founding - Radiographic testing - Part 1: Film techniques

EN 12681-2:2018-02

Founding - Radiographic testing - Part 2: Techniques with digital detectors;



- New testing classes for digital Radiography
- Class A_A: basic automated techniques.
- Class B_A: improved automated techniques.
- Perform the testing according to class A or A_A, if not otherwise specified in the order.

New image quality requirements in class A and B:

Classes A₄ and B₄ are requirments for automated and semi-automated radiographic testing using DDAs and Computer or Operator based image evaluation, and mini or micro focus X-ray tubes (focal spot ≤ 1 mm) with reduced requirements for unsharpness at equal contrast sensitivity.

X-Ray Inspection in Pipe Mills

API 5L, DNV-OS-F101, ISO 12096 ISO 10893

Application:

Inspection of welding seams on new pipes in production:

- Longitudinal welding seams
- Spiral welding seams
- Pipe-ends







Computed Tomography

ISO 15708:2017 substitutes EN 16016-1 to -4 in 2018/2019

FN 16016-1 to -4 to be deleted!

Revision of ASTM Guide E 1441

Standard Guide for Computed Tomography (CT) Imaging

Revision of ASTM Practice E 1695

Test Method for Measurement of Computed Tomography (CT) System Performance

Metrology

ISO TC 213 new draft for dimensional measurement, see also VdI/VdE – standards 2630 Part 1 - 4



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FAQ • Search • Calendar • Registe

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Board index » Standards for X-Ray NDT » ASTM Standards of EO7 » Standards for DDA Systems » E2597 - DDA Manufacturing Characterization

E2597 - DDA Manufacturing Characterization











